



### What are native plants?

Native plants have evolved over thousands of years to be adapted to conditions in a particular region and to the other plants and animals around them.

## How can I choose the best plants for my yard?

Use the chart inside to guide you in selecting the native plants best suited to the growing conditions in your yard. You will also want to consider plant height, flower color, bloom time, and wildlife value when making your selections.



# Why should I grow them?

#### To enjoy beautiful, hardy plants!

Natives thrive in our local climate and soil and have natural defenses to plant diseases, harmful insects, and other pests.

To save time and money! Well-adapted to local conditions, natives require less water and fertilizer than non-natives, and are less likely to need pesticides.

#### To bring in the birds and butterflies!

Natives provide essential food, shelter, and nesting sites for native wildlife.

To improve water quality! Native plant roots hold soil in place, increase infiltration of rainwater into the ground, and filter pollutants from our water. Since native plants reduce the need to use fertilizers and pesticides, they keep our water cleaner by decreasing the quantity of pollutants that rainwater runoff can carry into our waterways and the Barnegat Bay.



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SHRUBS & TREES								
РНОТО	NAME Common & Scientific	HEIGHT	FLOWERS Bloom Time & Color	LIGHT	SOIL Moisture & Type	WILDLIFE	NOTES	
	American Holly llex opaca	15' - 40'	MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT small, white	華華	C L	<b>∠</b> n	evergreen; pyramid shape; red berries in Oct.	
	<b>Arrowwood</b> Viburnum dentatum	5' - 10'	MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT flat white clusters	<b>泰泰泰</b>	46 - 46 - 4 L S O	W.Z.	blue-black berries in Sept.; red fall foliage	
	Beach Plum Prunus maritima	4' - 15'	MAR APRIMAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT White clusters	夢	<b>4</b>	₹ <sup>n</sup> i	edible purplish-black fruit in Aug.; good for jelly; tolerates salt	
	Buttonbush Cephalanthus occidentalis	6' - 10'	MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP. OCT creamy white	<b>泰</b> 泰	CLSO	W05	ball-shaped clusters of fragrant flowers; tolerates wet areas	
	Eastern Red Cedar Juniperus virginiana	25' - 50'	MARAPR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT green or yellow	<b>華華</b>	CLS	<b>∠</b> n <sub>i</sub>	evergreen; blue fruit loved by birds; drought-tolerant	
	Eastern Redbud Cercis canadensis	20' - 35'	MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT magenta	<b>崇華華</b>	<b>66</b> - <b>6</b> L S	WA PI	one of the earliest bloomers; drought-resistant	
	Highbush Blueberry Vaccinium corymbosum	4' - 10'	MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT White-pinkish	<b>泰泰泰</b>	L S 0	W.A.	blueberries July-Aug.; red fall color; add organic matter to soil	
	Inkberry Holly Ilex glabra	4' - 10'	MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT small, greenish-white	<b>泰</b> · <b>李</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>∠</b> <sup>a<sub>1</sub></sup>	evergreen; black berries in Sept. on female plants	
	<b>Mountain Laurel</b> Kalmia latifolia	8' - 12'	MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT White to pink	<b>泰泰泰</b>	CLSO	<b>∠</b> n	evergreen; nice addition to woodland garden	
	<b>Ninebark</b> Physocarpus opulifolius	4' - 8'	MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT White to pink	華華	C L		domed flower clusters; likes sandy soil	
	Northern Bayberry Morella pensylvanica	2' - 8'	MARAPR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT small, yellow-green	<b>泰</b>	C L S	₹ <sup>n</sup> i	waxy bluish-white berries in Sept.; plants will sucker and form colonies	
	Red Chokeberry Photinia pyrifolia	6' - 10'	MAR APRIMAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT clusters of white	<b>李 李</b>	CLS	<b>∠</b> n,	red fruit in Sept. persists through winter; great red fall color	
	Red Twig Dogwood Cornus sericea	8' - 12'	MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT White	夢	660-46 L	<b>∠</b> n₁	bright red stems for winter interest	
	River Birch Betula nigra	40' - 60'	MAR <mark>aprimay</mark> Jun Jul aug sep oct brown	<b>李華</b>	66 - 46 C L	<b>∠</b> n <sub>i</sub>	attractive exfoliating bark; can grow on flood-prone land	
PONT.	Shadbush or Serviceberry Amelanchier canadensis	35' - 50'	MAR APRIMAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT small, white	<b>泰泰</b>	C L S		one of the earliest bloomers; red to purple fruit in July	
	Sweet Pepperbush Clethra alnifolia	5' - 8'	MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT	<b>泰泰泰</b>	CLS	Y	brown seed heads SeptFeb.; deer-resistant	
W. S.	Sweetbay Magnolia Magnolia virginiana	12' - 30'	MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT creamy white	<b>泰泰泰</b>	CLS	105	fragrant flowers; tolerates flooding and salt	
	Sweetspire Itea virginica	4' - 8'	MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT White	<b>李李李</b>	C L S	n <sub>j</sub>	fragrant flowers; good fall color	
	Winged Sumac Rhus copallinum	8' - 15'	MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT yellowish green	<b>泰</b> ·	<b>46</b> - <b>6</b> C L S	WA"	dark red fruit persists over winter; great fall color	
	Winterberry Holly llex verticillata	4' - 10'	MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT small, white	李李李	CLSO	<b>∠</b> n <sub>i</sub>	red berries OctDec. on female plants	
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L				HERBACEOUS	PEREN	NIALS		
	РНОТО	NAME Common & Scientific	HEIGHT	FLOWERS Bloom Time & Color	LIGHT	SOIL Moisture & Type	WILDLIFE	NOTES
		Bee Balm Monarda didyma	24" - 48"	MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT	<b>静</b> 華	666-46 L	W T	fragrant flowers and foliage
		Black-Eyed Susan Rudbeckia hirta	12" - 36"	MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT Yellow	華華	<b>d</b> - <b>d</b> C L		long bloom time
		Blazing Star Liatris spicata	12" - 36"	MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT purple spikes	華華	<b>66</b> - <b>6</b> C L S	T. W.	drought-tolerant
		Butterfly Weed Asclepias tuberosa	12" - 36"	MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT Orange	<b>₩</b> ₩	<b>4</b>	100	favorite food of Monarch butterflies; attractive seedpods
		Cardinal Flower Lobelia cardinalis	24" - 48"	MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT	華華	C L	T. **	intense red color attracts hummingbirds
		<b>Columbine</b> Aquilegia canadensis	6" - 36"	MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT	<b>停</b> 律	L L	**	unique, showy two-toned flowers; good in woodland gardens; spreads by seed
		Common Boneset Eupatorium perfoliatum	36" - 60"	MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT White	<b>崇華帝</b>	CLS		flat top flower clusters attract butterflies; popular herb; good for wet site
THE RESIDENCE AND ADDRESS OF		False Sunflower Heliopsis helianthoides	36" - 60"	MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT Yellow	<b>學</b>	<b>46</b> - <b>6</b> L S	not.	attractive daisy-like flower with a long bloom time
TO WOOD AND ADDRESS OF		Foamflower Tiarella cordifolia	12" - 24"	MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT spikes of white	<b>李</b>	L	*	interesting foliage; great choice for a shade garden
0.02.000.000.000		Foxglove Beardtongue Penstemon digitalis	24" - 60"	MAR APR MAY <mark>JUN JUL</mark> AUG SEP OCT White to pink	<b>心</b>	<b>d</b>	nt	tolerates poor drainage
Every Michigan		Great Blue Lobelia Lobelia siphilitica	12" - 36"	MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT blue spike	<b>泰泰</b>	CLS	TW	interesting, long-blooming blue flowers
		Joe-Pye Weed Eupatoriadelphus fistulosum	12" - 96"	MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT pink-purple	華華	C L		large plant that needs space; tolerates wet areas
		Mistflower Conoclinium coelestinum	12" - 42"	MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT blue to violet	**	C L	WA TO	flat clusters of fuzzy flowers are an excellent nectar source; can spread quickly
		New England Aster Symphyotrichum novae-angliae	18" - 72"	MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT blue to violet	<b>心心</b>	L L	100	pinch to keep plant compact
	*	Pink Tickseed Coreopsis rosea	18" - 24"	MAR APR MAY <mark>JUN JUL</mark> AUG SEP OCT <b>pink</b>	<b>泰泰</b>	L S	W.A.	deer-resistant; can spread quickly
		Purple Coneflower Echinacea purpurea	24" - 36"	MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT purple-pink	夢	do - o C L S		popular herb; goldfinches love its seeds
	0 7	Rosemallow Hibiscus moscheutos	36" - 72"	MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT cream and pink	<b>心</b>	C L	mt	large two-toned flowers; can tolerate fresh or brackish tidal marsh
		Seaside Goldenrod Solidago sempervirens	12" - 72"	MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT YEllow	<b>脊</b> 律	LS		thrives in coastal areas; tolerates salt, sand, and drought
		Sneezeweed Helenium autumnale	18" - 60"	MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT yellow	<b>泰</b>	C L S	No	interesting flower; can tolerate wet areas
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РНОТО	NAME	HEIGHT	FLOWERS	LIGHT	SOIL	WILDLIFE	NOTES
	Common & Scientific		Bloom Time & Color		Moisture & Type		
	Swamp Milkweed Asclepias incarnata	36" - 60"	MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT  pink	春春	616-46 C L	W 05	attracts butterflies (especially Monarchs); can tolerate wet areas, unlike butterfly weed
	White Turtlehead Chelone glabra	18" - 36"	MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT White	<b>李 李</b>	646-46 C L S	nt	flower looks like turtle's head will spread; good in a shade garden
	Wild Bergamot Monarda fistulosa	18" - 60"	MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT	<b>心</b>	<b>₫</b> - <b>₫</b> C L	nt	fragrant flowers and foliage; can spread

GRASSES							
РНОТО	NAME Common & Scientific	HEIGHT	FLOWERS Bloom Time & Color	LIGHT	SOIL Moisture & Type	WILDLIFE	NOTES
	American Beachgrass Ammophila breviligulata	1' - 3.5'	MAR APR MAY JUN JUL <mark>AUG SEP</mark> OCT	夢	L S	<b>∠</b> <sup>a,</sup>	can grow in sand; spreads rapidly by rhizomes
	Coastal Panicgrass Panicum amarum	4' - 6'	MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT	夢	46 - 6 L S	<b>∠</b> n	blue-green leaves; tolerates salt and sandy soil
	Little Bluestem Schizachyrium scoparium	2' - 4'	green to reddish tan	夢	LS	1	exceptional drought tolerance; very ornamental; turns bronze- orange after frost
	Prairie Cordgrass Spartina pectinata	4' - 6'	MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT	夢	669-649 L	₹ <sup>n</sup> ı	can get quite tall; good for shore areas; tolerates fresh and brackish tidal flooding
11	Saltmeadow Cordgrass Spartina patens	1' - 3'	MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT	夢	CLS	<b>∠</b> <sup>n</sup>	can spread rapidly; tolerates wet areas
	Switchgrass Panicum virgatum	3' - 6'	mar APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT green to brown to rose	<b>停</b> 律	<b>616</b> - <b>66</b> - <b>6</b> C L S	W.A.	bunch grass with great fall color; tolerates wet areas

#### KEY

#### LIGHT.

Shade = less than 3 hours of direct sunlight a day, or filtered sunlight
Partial shade = approximately 3 to 6 hours of direct sunlight a day
Full sun = at least 6 hours of direct sunlight a day

SOIL CONDITIONS - Moisture



Dry = water does not remain after a rain
Moist = soil is damp, and occasionally saturated
Wet = soil is saturated, except during droughts

#### SOIL CONDITIONS - Type

CLSO

Organic soil (contains a high percentage of organic matter such as decayed leaves)

Sandy or coarse-textured soil

-Loamy or medium-textured soil (contains a mix of mostly silt and sand)

Clay or fine-textured soil

#### WILDLIFE



Butterflies



Hummingbirds



Songbirds



Beneficial Insects

The beneficial insect icon includes bees and other pollinators, as well as ladybugs and other insects that help to control pests.

#### **HERBACEOUS PERENNIAL**

A non-woody plant that lives for more than two years. It dies back at the end of each growing season, then re-emerges each spring from the root stock.

#### **PHOTO CREDITS**

USDA-NRCS PLANTS Database http://plants.usda.gov

Missouri Botanical Garden Plant Finder www.missouribotanicalgarden.org/gardens-gardening/ your-garden/plant-finder.aspx

#### SAMPLE DESIGNS FOR A NATIVE PLANT GARDEN

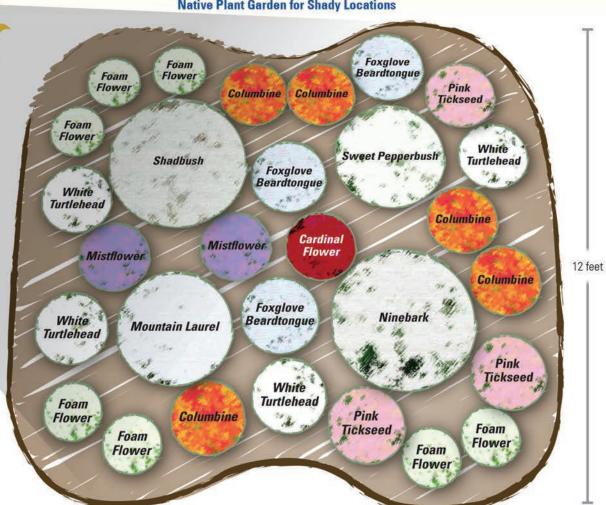


#### **Native Plant Garden for Sunny Locations**



#### - 12 feet -

#### **Native Plant Garden for Shady Locations**





Get started with Going Native! Then try the searchable Plant Database on the Jersey-Friendly Yards website to find even more native plants for your yard. Using the database, you can create a custom list of plants suited to your yard's specific growing conditions. When you are ready to buy, locate nurseries selling native plants using the website's "Where to Buy" list.

Jersey-Friendly Yards is packed with information and resources to guide you through the steps to a healthier yard. Learn how to maintain healthy soil, reduce use of fertilizers and pesticides, conserve water, and create habitat for wildlife. A healthier yard means a healthier environment and a healthier Barnegat Bay!

The Barnegat Bay Partnership developed Jersey-Friendly Yards for the entire state of New Jersey with 319(h) grant funding from the NJ Department of Environmental Protection.

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COVER PHOTO: Garden photo by Don Knezik.

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ABOVE PHOTO: Black-Eyed Susans photo by Joseph Pirozek.







